

# Cosmology with Dirac (s)neutrinos in the MSSM

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# Overview

- Take MSSM, add RH (s)neutrino, but only Dirac mass term (and susy-breaking mass): scalar sector has a ‘sterile’, RH sneutrino; Yukawas are v. small.
- especially interesting for mattergenesis
  - what’s mattergenesis
  - why is  $\nu_R$  LSP interesting candidate for DM in mattergenesis
  - mattergenesis scenarios that make use of small Yukawas

# What is mattergenesis

- mattergenesis: explain ratio

$$\frac{\Omega_{DM}}{\Omega_b} \sim \frac{0.19}{0.04} \sim 4.9$$

- usual case: (baryo/lepto)genesis creates baryons, DM is freeze-out relic density
- What if DM and baryons have ‘common origin’
- (baryo/lepto)genesis creates baryons *and* dark matter, ie new ‘mattergenesis’ mechanism

# $\tilde{\nu}_R$ and mattergenesis

- *Useful* for mattergenesis: non-thermal DM (no reprocessing of ‘early’ DM asymmetry)
  - exists ways around, eg. ‘late decay’ mechanism
- *Necessary* for mattergenesis: outside of new mechanism relic density is low/negligible
- in MSSM+(Dirac) (s)neutrino, both can happen with  $\nu_R$  LSP
  - **cannot** happen if large Majorana mass!
  - could work with pseudo-Dirac (s)neutrinos, but beware of constraints

# $\tilde{\nu}_R$ interactions

Only a handful:

- Superpotential

$$\mathcal{W} \supset \lambda \mathbf{L}^i \epsilon_{ij} \mathbf{H}_u^j \bar{\mathbf{N}}$$

- 4-point terms
- higgsino-lepton-sneutrino

- Susy breaking

$$\mathcal{V}_{SB} = m_{\tilde{\nu}_L}^2 \tilde{\nu}_L^* \tilde{\nu}_L + m_{\tilde{\nu}_R}^2 \tilde{\nu}_R^{c*} \tilde{\nu}_R^c + \left( a \lambda H_u \tilde{L} \tilde{\nu}_R^c + h.c. \right)$$

- mass terms
- higgs-slepton-sneutrino
- left-right sneutrinos mixing

# $\tilde{\nu}_R$ thermalisation

- Annihilations  $\tilde{\nu}_R - \tilde{\nu}_R^*$  can go through:
  - 4-points terms  $\sim \lambda^4$ , always out of eq.
  - higgsino exchange ( $\sim \lambda^2/m_H^2$ ), always out of eq.
  - slepton exchange constrains trilinear coupling

$$a < 10^{-1} m_{\tilde{\nu}_L}^2 \text{ GeV}$$

- gaug(e/ino) interactions from L H part constrain

$$\frac{\lambda a v}{\left(m_{\tilde{\nu}_L}^2 - m_{\tilde{\nu}_R}^2\right)} < 3 \times 10^{-10}$$

- $\tilde{\nu}_R$  doesn't thermalise

# $\tilde{\nu}_R$ relic density I

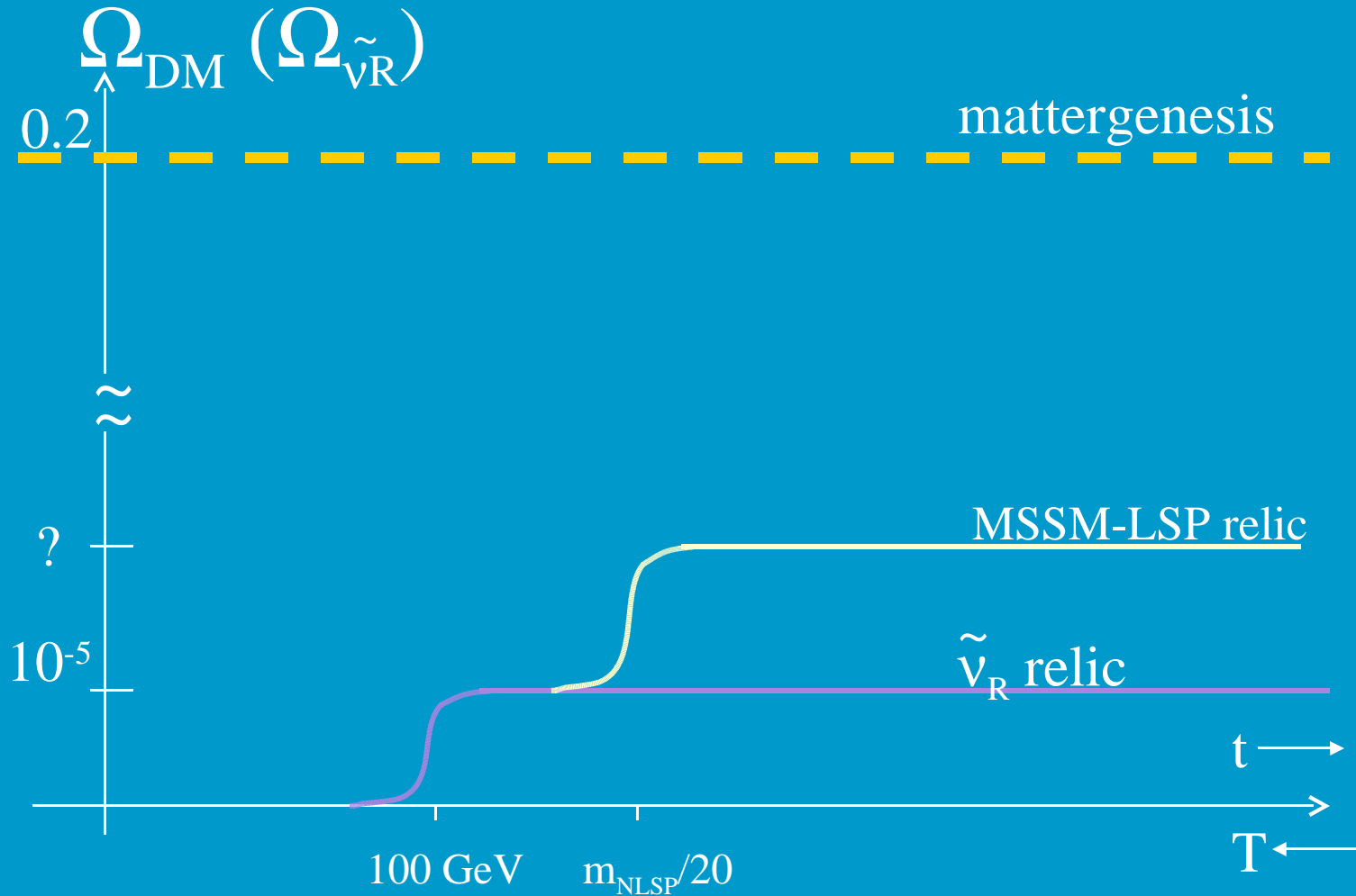
- $\tilde{\nu}_R$  created by decays of particles in thermal eq., eg higgsino  $\rightarrow$  lepton +  $\tilde{\nu}_R$
- this creates tiny ( $10^{-4}$ - $10^{-2} \Omega_{\text{DM}}$ ) relic density (trilinear coupling not ‘large’ and sneutrino masses not degenerate)
- enhancement see Asaka, Ishiwata, Moroi, hep-ph/0512118
- point is: easy to make relic density small

# $\tilde{\nu}_R$ relic density II

- decaying particle (eg. higgsino) will freeze-out  
-> dumping of MSSM-LSP density into  $\tilde{\nu}_R$
- small neutralino relic a possibility, eg. Arkani-Hamed&al, hep-ph/0601041, Bélanger&al, hep-ph/0604150
- general danger for mattergenesis



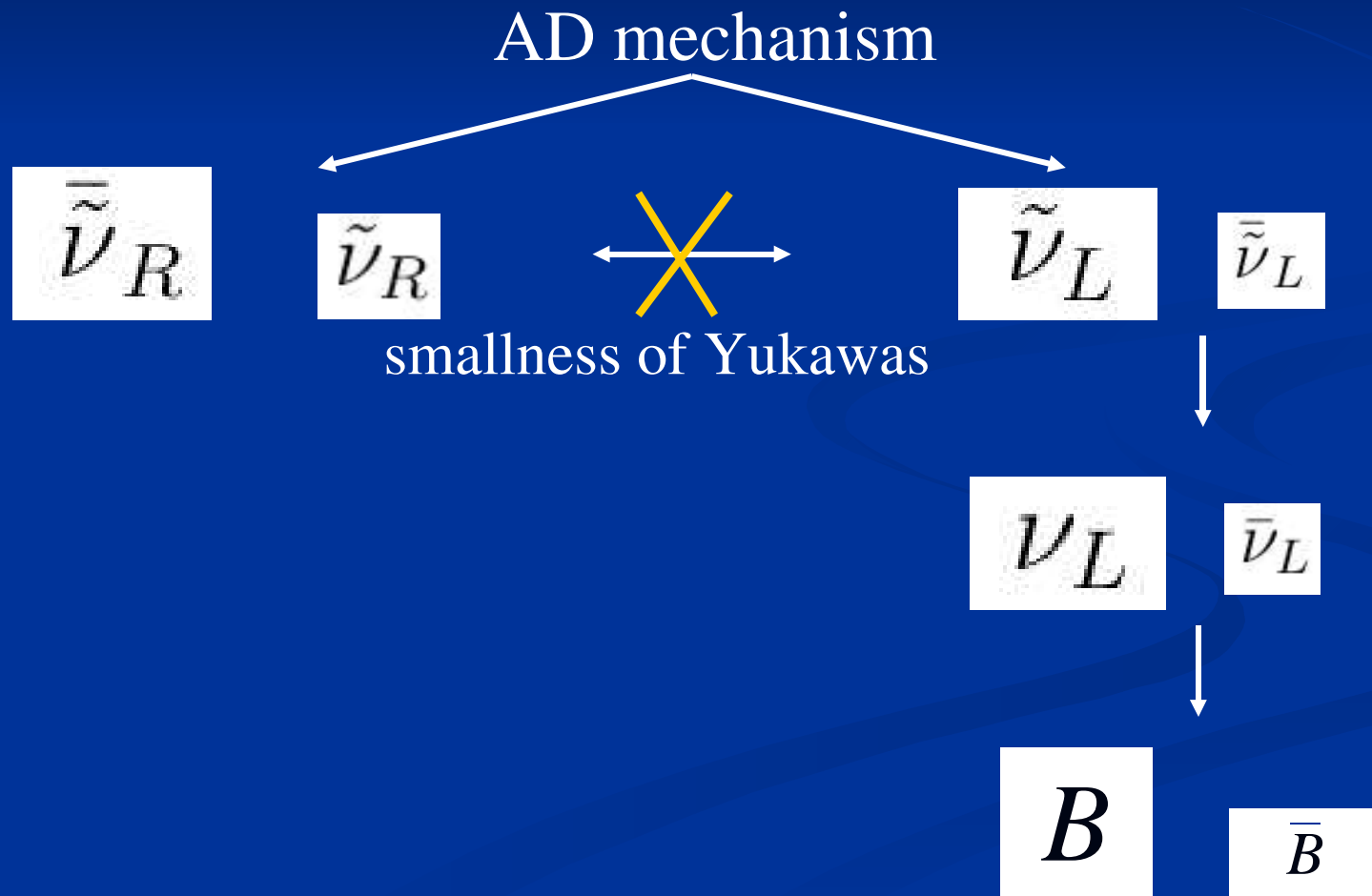
# General picture



# Mattergenesis scenarios

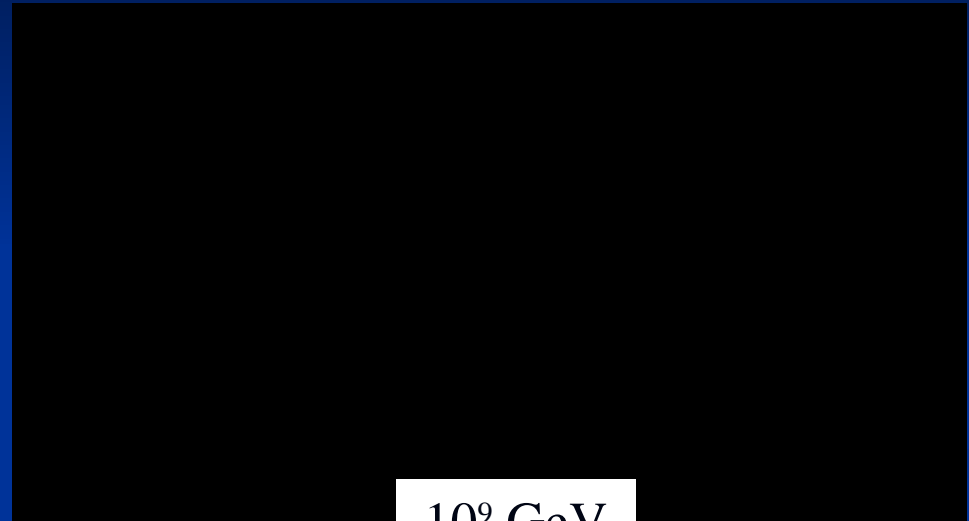
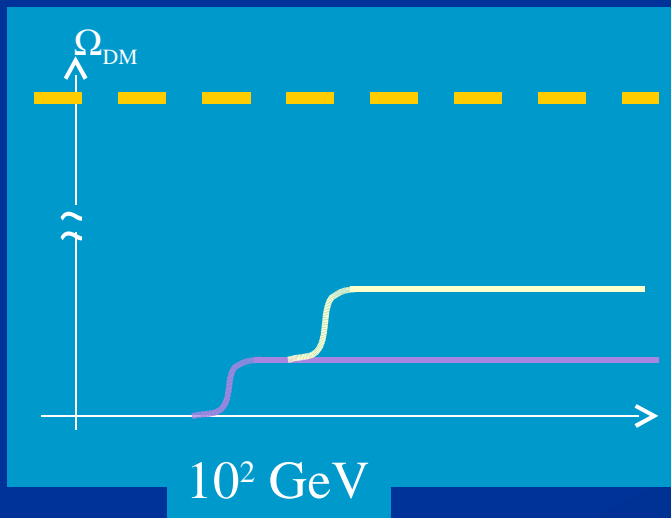
- hep-ph/0601149, Affleck-Dine leptogenesis and DM  
 $\tilde{W} V_R$
- J. McDonald, hep-ph/0609126, AD mattergenesis w  
 $V_R$
- don't create net L-number, create L-R polarisation  
(Dick&al. hep-ph/9907562)
- possible only with Dirac (s)neutrino because left and  
right don't equilibrate (small Yukawas)

# Mattergenesis scenarios



# Mattergenesis scenarios

Asymmetry ( $\rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_R$ )  
created before relic  
density created



$10^9 \text{ GeV}$

$$m_{\tilde{\nu}_R} \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$$

for correct amounts of dark  
and baryonic matter

# Mattergenesis scenarios

- Kuzmin, hep-ph/9701269: ‘asymmetrization of plasma with respect to B-L distribution between the normal fermionic sector of SM and the new sector R’ ... via early decay of new massive  $X$  particle
- suggested minimal implementation in  $MSSM + \nu_R$   
 $\sim$

# Overview: cosmology with Dirac

$$\tilde{\nu}_R$$

- MSSM+'Dirac'  $\tilde{\nu}_R$ 
  - give candidate for mattergenesis-DM (non-thermal non-abundant relic)
  - provide mattergenesis mechanism possibilities
  - mattergenesis produces DM
- MSSM+'see-saw'  $\tilde{\nu}_R$ 
  - no candidate for mattergenesis-DM
  - leptogenesis produces baryons
  - LSP freeze-out produces DM