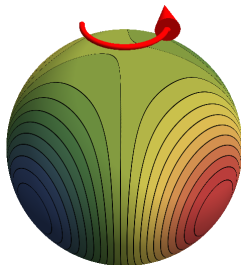


Black holes with a single Killing vector field

Jorge E. Santos

Cambridge University - DAMTP

Oxford - 23/02/2016



In collaboration with
Óscar J. C. Dias, Ben Niehoff and Benson Way

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- 7 If a gravitational system is **linearly stable**, it ought to be **nonlinearly stable**.

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Seemingly different instabilities in AdS
- 3 Geons as special solutions
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In a longer talk, I would argue that all known SUSY black holes in AdS_5 are nonlinearly unstable.

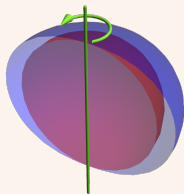
Superradiance

Superradiance - 1/2

- **Rotating** black holes can have **ergoregions**, which can act as **negative energy reservoirs** for particles.

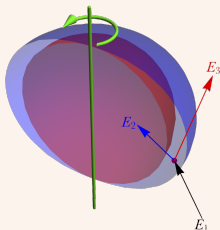
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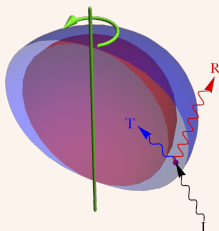
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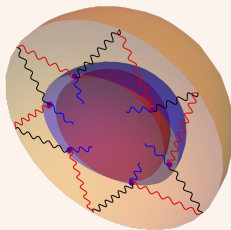
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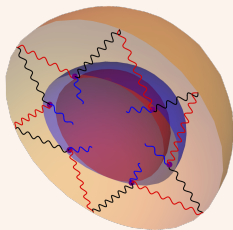
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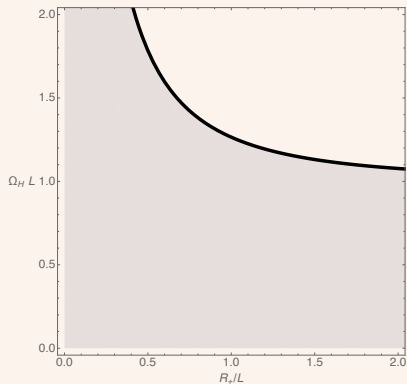
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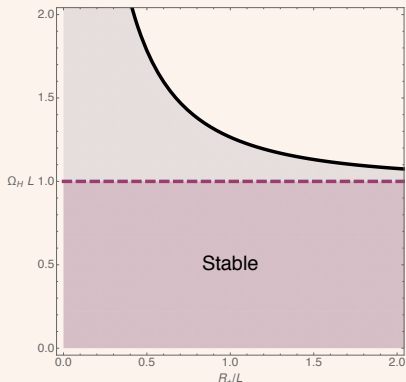
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- **Unstable** if quasi-normal modes with $\text{Im}(\omega) > 0$ exist.

Superradiance Instability - 3/3:



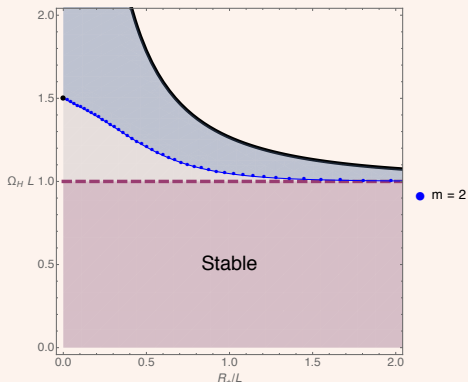
Phase Diagram for Kerr-AdS black holes

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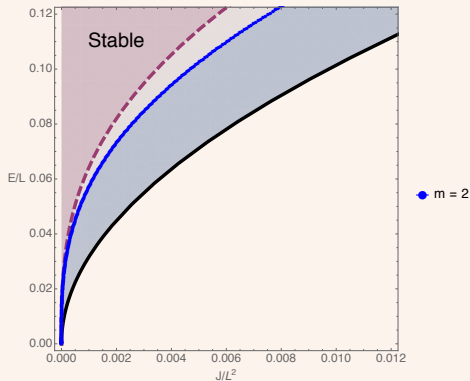
Kerr-AdS with $|\Omega_H L| \leq 1$:
likely to be stable - Hawking and Reall '00.

Superradiance Instability - 3/3:



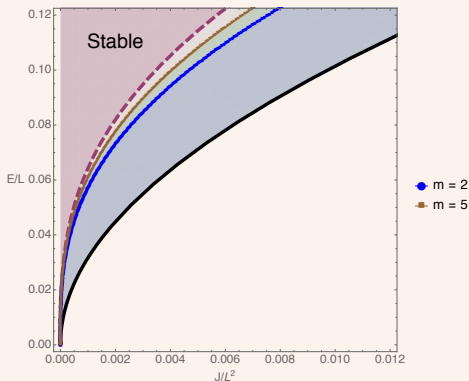
Perturbations with $m \neq 0$ are unstable if $\text{Re}(\omega) \leq m\Omega_H$:
onset saturates inequality - Cardoso et al. '14.

Superradiance Instability - 3/3:



In the microcanonical ensemble:
natural variables are (J, E) .

Superradiance Instability - 3/3:



Higher m modes appear closer to $\Omega_H L = 1$:
 $\Omega_H L = 1$ is reached $m \rightarrow +\infty$ - Kunduri et. al. '06.

The nonlinear stability of AdS

The stability problem for spacetimes in general relativity

The question

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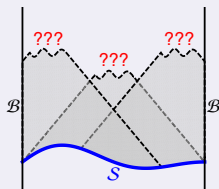
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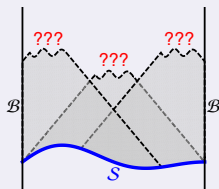


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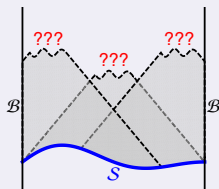


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In particular, if a geodesically complete spacetime is perturbed, does it remain “complete”?

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- The energy cascades from **low to high frequency modes** in a manner reminiscent of the onset of turbulence.

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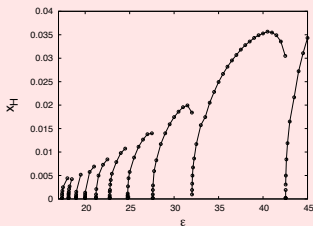
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 - **Geons** are analogous to nonlinear gravitational plane waves.
- This **Heuristic argument** has been observed **numerically** for **certain types** of initial data, but fails for other types.

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- **Spherical** scalar field collapse in AdS - Bizon and Rostworowski.

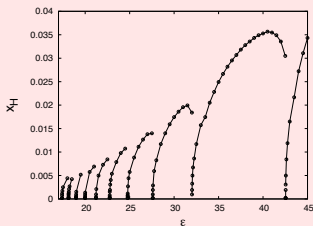
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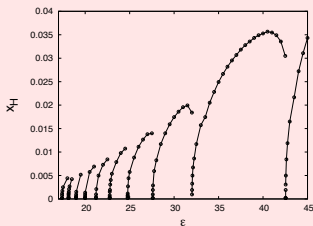
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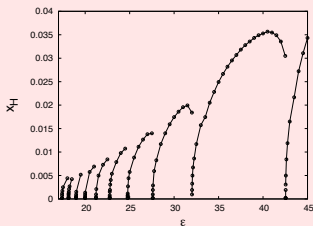
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- Certain types of initial data do not do this: do not seem to form black holes at late times! - Balasubramanian et. al.

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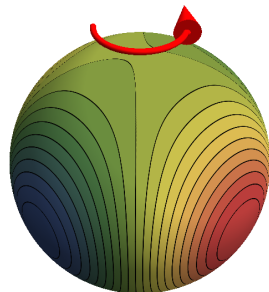
- Black holes form: $\Delta t \propto \varepsilon^{-2}$, matches naïve **KAM intuition** and **3rd order calculation** - Dias, Horowitz and **JES**.
- Certain types of initial data do not do this: do not seem to form black holes at late times! - Balasubramanian et. al.
- Understand why special fine tuned solutions - **Geons** - exist.

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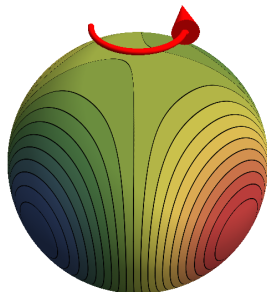


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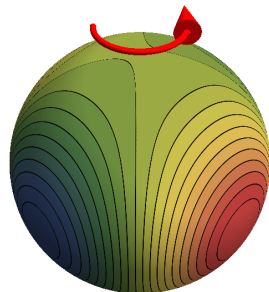
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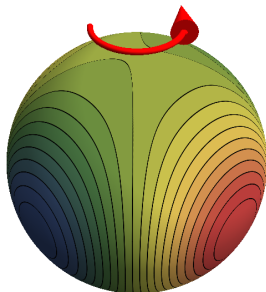
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Unclear if they can have the same **energy**, *i.e.* coexist, with large AdS black holes!

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- We have **constructed these solutions: ten coupled 3D nonlinear partial differential equations** of **Elliptic** type.

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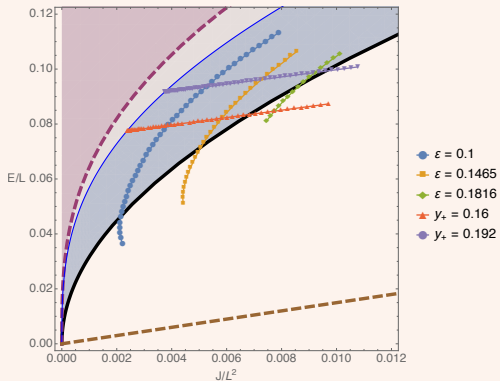
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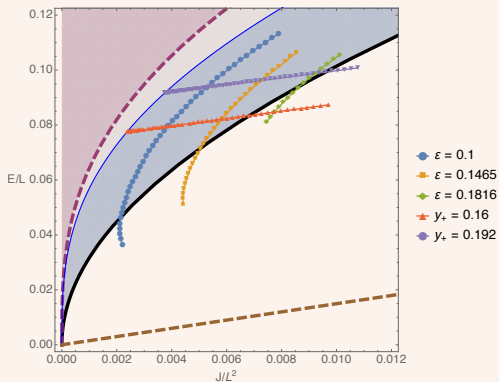
- Bifurcating **Killing sphere - Killing horizon** generated by ∂_T .

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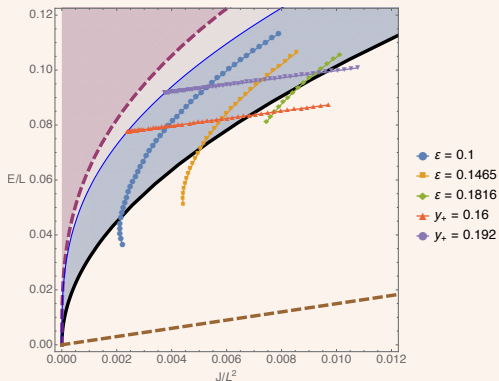


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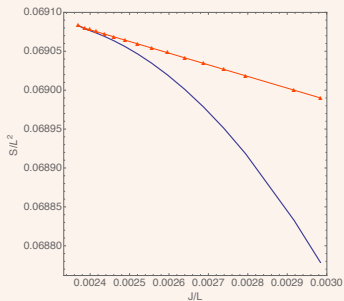
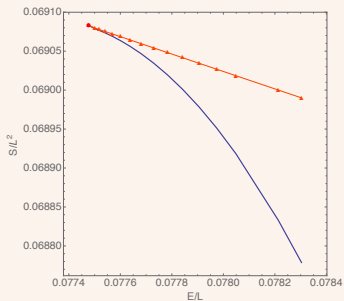
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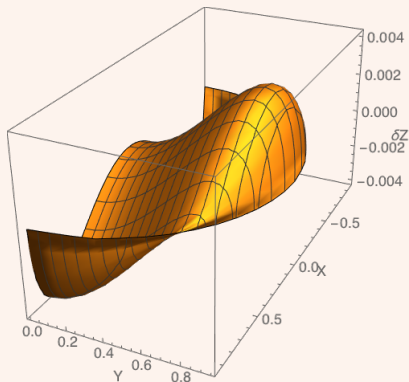
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Conjecture: there is no endpoint -
Dias, Horowitz and **JES** '11

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Short answer:

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Outlook:

- What is the field theory interpretation of this phenomenon?
- Can we make a connection with glassy physics?
- ...

Thank You!